

Compiled, organized, and added to by ♥M.C.Gillis



Dedication

This is dedicated to all learners & teachers of art.

Introduction



The elements & principles of art, also known as the elements & principles of design, open our eyes to the beauty that is in us & all around us. The elements & principles of art are the building blocks of understanding & creating art that expresses and moves us. That is the reason I call them the ABCs of Art. Just as the letters of any alphabet are fundamental to understanding that language, the elements & principles of art are fundamental to understanding the language of art.

The ABCs of Art: The Elements & Principles of Design - Compiled, organized, and added to by ❤️ M.C.Gillis

Contact artist, mo@expandingheart.com, to give feedback.

More downloads at www.expandingheart.com & www.awesomeartists.com.

The ABCs of Art

The Elements & Principles of Design/Art

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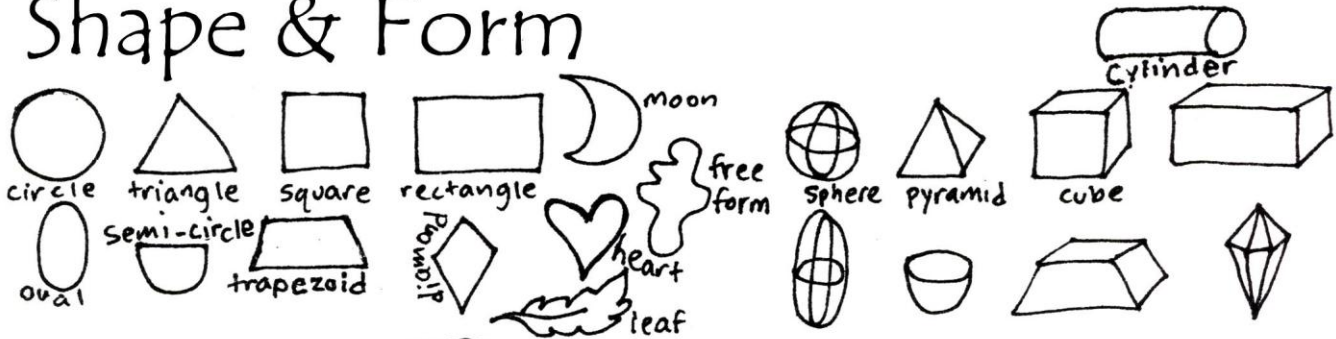
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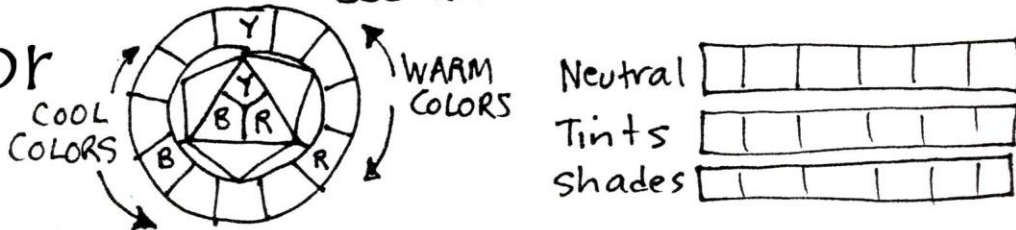
Elements of Art



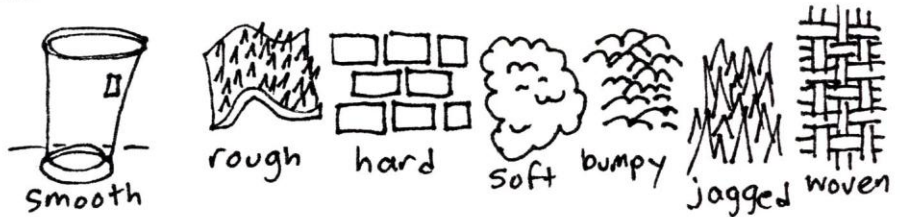
Shape & Form



Color



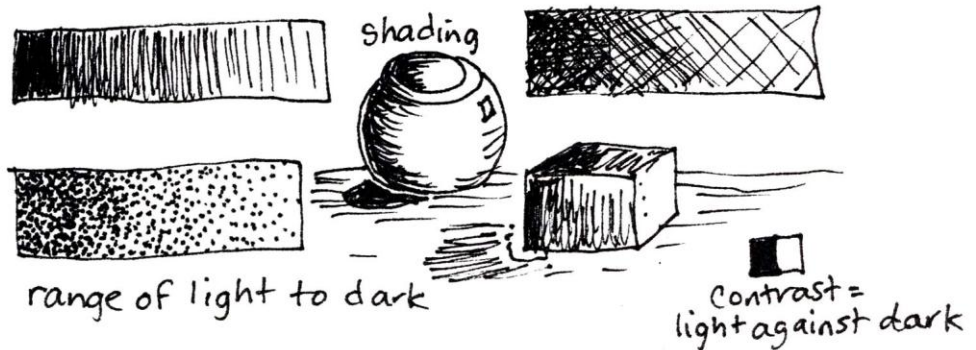
Texture



Space



Value



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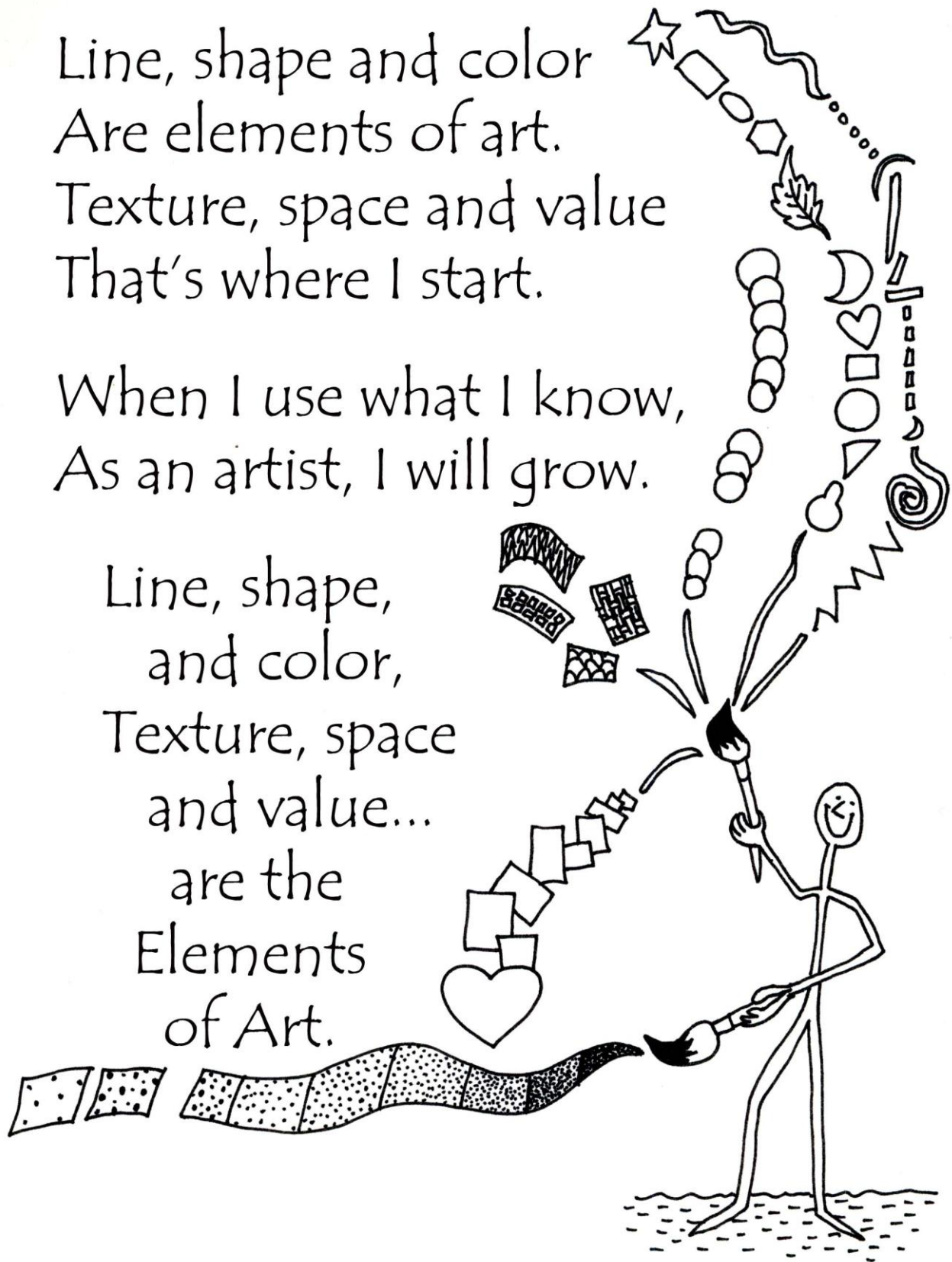
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Line, shape and color
Are elements of art.
Texture, space and value
That's where I start.

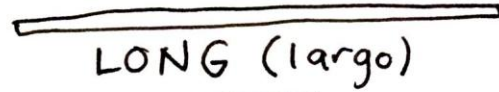
When I use what I know,
As an artist, I will grow.

Line, shape,
and color,
Texture, space
and value...
are the
Elements
of Art.

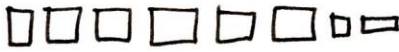


LINE

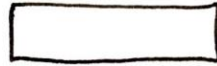
(línea)



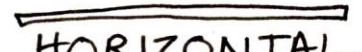
CURVED
(curva)



BROKEN
(quebrado)



THICK
(Grueso)



HORIZONTAL
(horizontal)



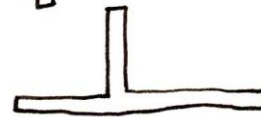
WAVY/CURLY
(ondulado)



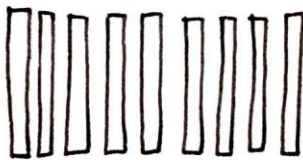
THIN
(delgado)
oooooooooooooooo
DOTTED
(línea de puntos)



VERTICAL
(vertical)



PERPENDICULAR
(perpendicular)



VERTICAL
(vertical)



ZIG-ZAG
JAGGED
(zig-zag)



PARALLEL
(paralelas)



STRAIGHT
(derecho)



DIAGONAL
(diagonal)



VARIED
(variadas)



TAPERED
(termina en punta
conico)



SPIRAL
(espiral)

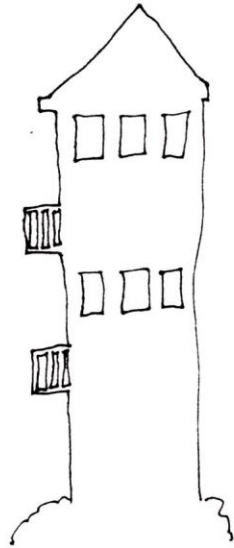
LINE

MORE ABOUT LINES...



Contour
(outline)

= The outer edge/line of an image, object or shape.



Lines can be used to show movement....



Lines can be used to show mood....

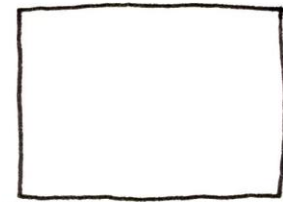


More words to describe lines....



SHAPE AND FORM

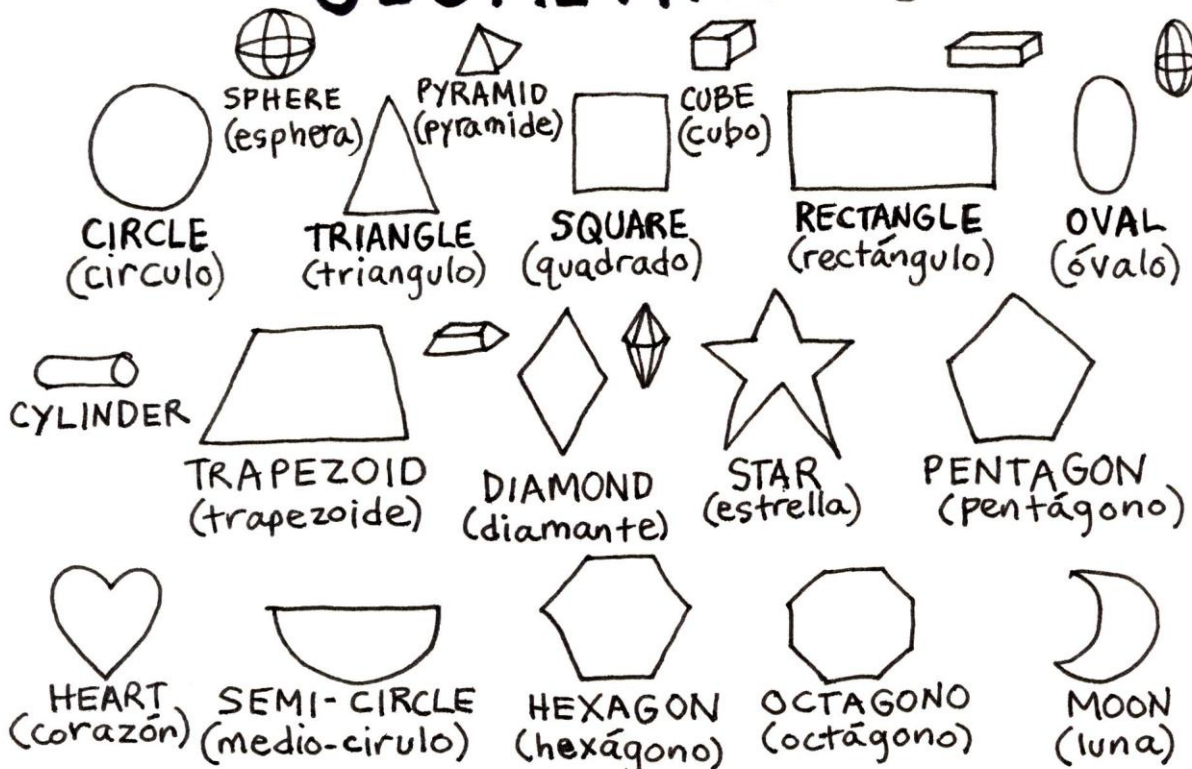
(forma y forma)



LARGE (largo and (y))

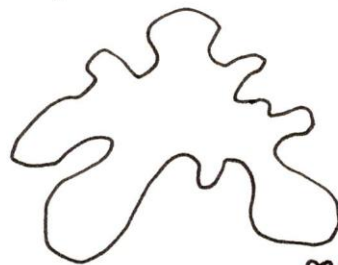
□ SMALL (pequeño)

GEOMETRIC (geometrica)



ORGANIC / FREE FORM / NATURAL

(orgánico) (forma libre) (natural)



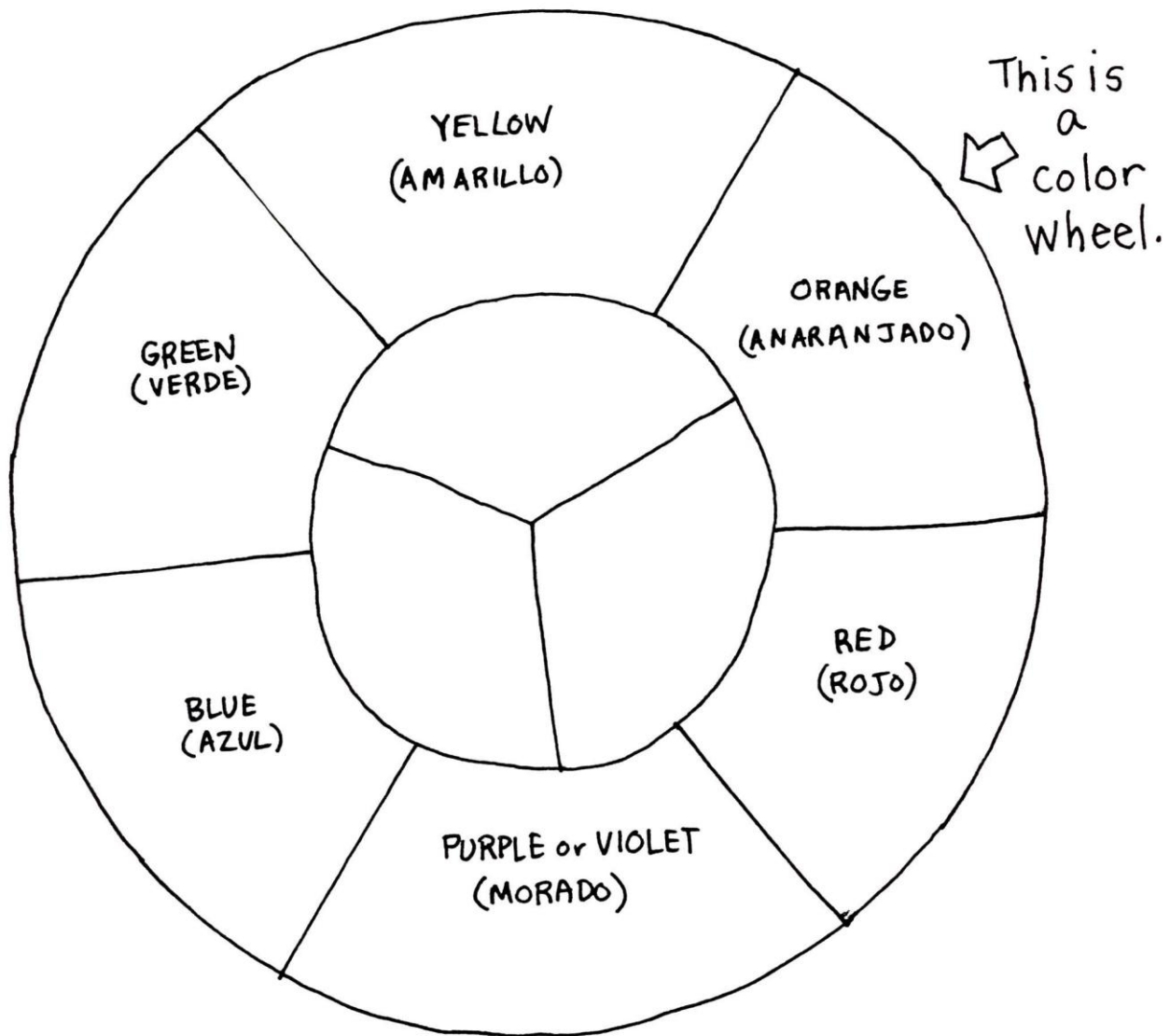
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Use as a worksheet. Color & fill in empty areas. Use colored page for help if needed.

COLOR



COLOR SCHEMES (PLANS)

are ways I can use color to improve my art work.

PRIMARY

RAINBOW

SECONDARY

WARM COOL

COMPLEMENTARY

NEUTRAL

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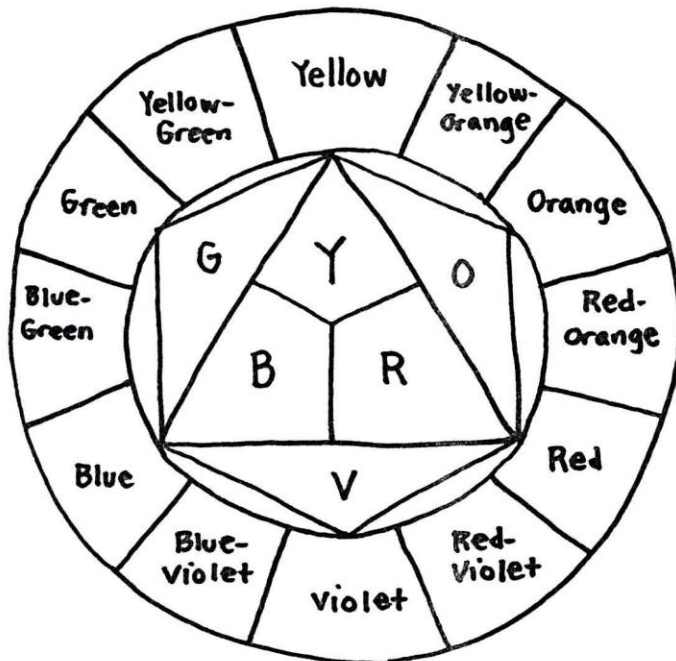
Use as a worksheet. Color & fill in empty areas. Use colored page for help if needed.



Use as a worksheet. Color & fill in empty areas. Use colored page for help if needed.

COLOR THEORY

Color is an element of art.



Everytime I use color, I am creating a color scheme.

← This is a color wheel.

The most common color schemes are listed below.

Primary.... [] [] [] {I can make all the other colors by mixing different amounts of primary colors}

Secondary.... [] [] [] {I can mix two primary colors to make a secondary color.}

Warm.... [] [] [] [] [] [] {Yellow and all the colors with red and orange tones are warm.}

Cool.... [] [] [] [] [] [] {Violet and all the colors with blue and green tones are cool.}

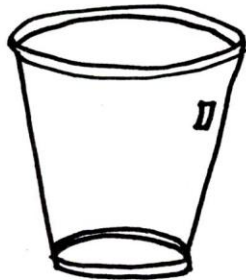
Complementary.... [] [] , [] [] , [] [] , [] [] , [] [] , [] [] , etc
{Opposites on the color wheel are complementary.}

Analogous... [] [] [] , [] [] [] [] , [] [] [] [] [] , and so on.
{Colors that are close neighbors on the color wheel are analogous.}

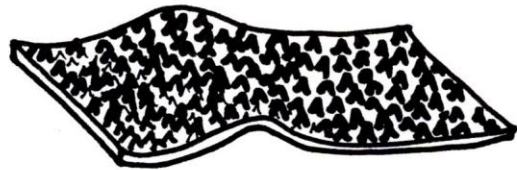
Rainbow... [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] {Using primary and secondary colors placed in order from the color wheel, I can make a rainbow}

Intermediate... is a color term I need to know. It is the color in between the primary and secondary colors on the color wheel.

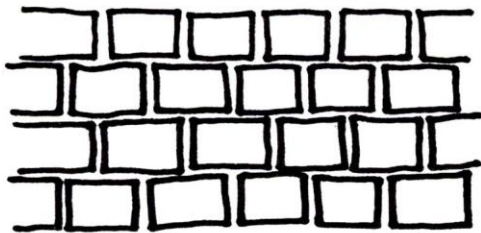
TEXTURE



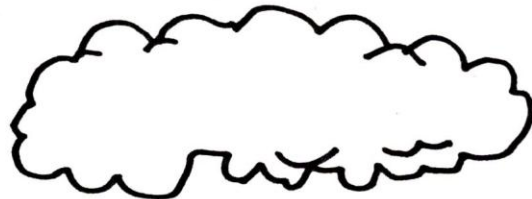
SMOOTH



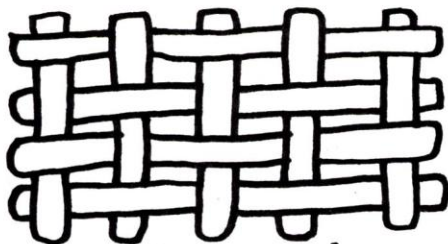
ROUGH



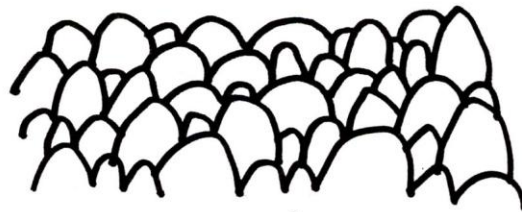
HARD



SOFT



WOVEN



BUMPY/LUMPY



JAGGED/IRREGULAR

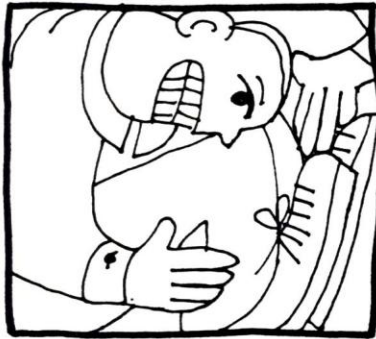


RIDGED

SPACE



CONSIDER COMPOSITION



DRAW BIG



FILL THE WHOLE PAPER



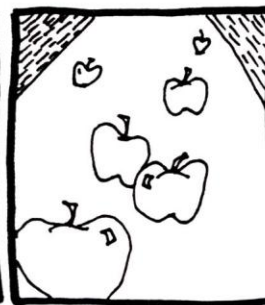
LINES OFF THE PAPER



PLACEMENT IN RELATION TO HORIZON



**SMALLER IN DISTANCE
LARGER CLOSER UP**



**DARKER CLOSER UP
LIGHTER FARTHER AWAY**



OVERLAPPING



**FOREGROUND
(near space)**



**MID GROUND
(middle space)**



**BACKGROUND
(far space)**



POSITIVE SPACE
the objects or subject in the work of art, not the space around them



NEGATIVE SPACE
the "empty" space around the subject or objects

BIG is BEAUTIFUL!!



Use this page as a worksheet. Fill in the empty areas yourself. Look at the colored value page for help.

VALUE

IS THE RANGE OF LIGHT TO DARK.

VALUE CHANGES WITH BLACK + WHITE

VALUE CHANGES WITH COLOR

A VALUE SCALE SHOWS THE CHANGE OF LIGHT TO DARK.



THIS IS A PENCIL VALUE SCALE.



INK SHADING WITH LINES



PENCIL SHADING

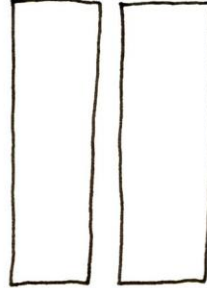


INK SHADING WITH CROSS-HATCHING



PENCIL SHADING WITH STIPPLING

[THESE ARE LINE TECHNIQUES.]



TINTING WITH COLOR

TO A LITTLE BIT OF COLOR, ADD INCREASING AMOUNTS OF WHITE TO CHANGE THE VALUE.

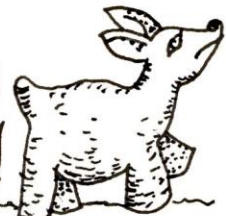
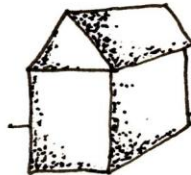


SHADING WITH COLOR

TO A LIGHT OR MEDIUM COLOR, ADD BLACK OR A DARK COLOR, A LITTLE AT A TIME, TO CHANGE THE VALUE.

[THESE ARE BLENDING TECHNIQUES.]

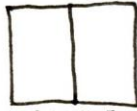
SHADING APPLIED TO OBJECTS:



CONTRAST = TO SHOW UNLIKENESS (SOMETHING DIFFERENT, OPPOSITE, OR DISSIMILAR)



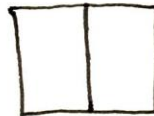
LIGHT AGAINST DARK (BLACK + WHITE)



LIGHT AGAINST DARK (COLOR)



PATTERN AGAINST NO PATTERN (BLACK + WHITE)



PATTERN AGAINST NO PATTERN (COLOR)

Background is detailed, busy, active space.



Subject, bird, is peaceful, inactive, simple space.

DETAILED AGAINST UNDETAILED SPACE

I WILL LOOK FOR VALUE AND CONTRAST, BOTH NATURAL AND MAN-MADE, IN MY ENVIRONMENT.

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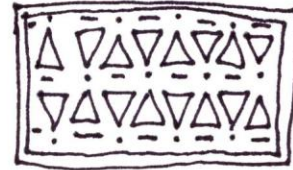
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Principles of Art

Pattern

Repetition of the elements of art



Emphasis

Focus - Main idea
What "grabs" your attention



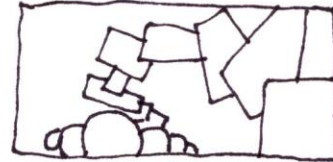
Variety

An assortment of lines, shapes, colors and other elements of art in the art work



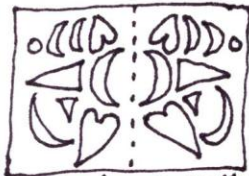
Unity

How the elements work together, fit together, so the art work looks complete



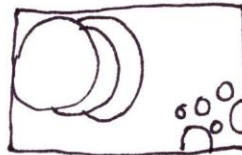
Balance

Symmetrical



same design on both sides of a midline.

Asymmetrical



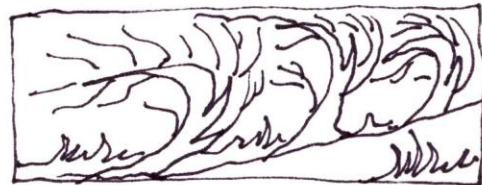
A balance that is not even

Radial



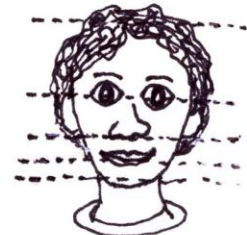
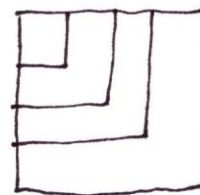
Rhythm & Movement

A regular repetition of the elements of art to create a sense of rhythm and/or movement



Proportion

How parts fit together to make a whole - Size relations
(Includes scale, monumental, miniature, exaggeration...)



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PATTERN

IS THE REPETITION OF THE ELEMENTS OF ART OR ANYTHING ELSE.

PATTERNS OF LINES

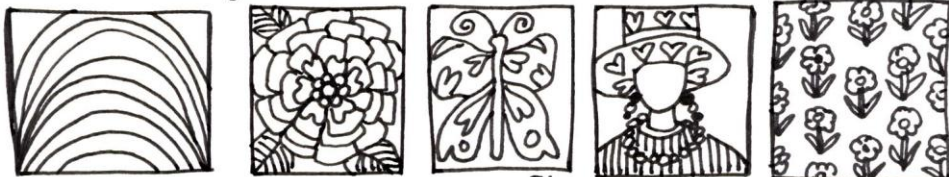


PATTERNS OF SHAPES

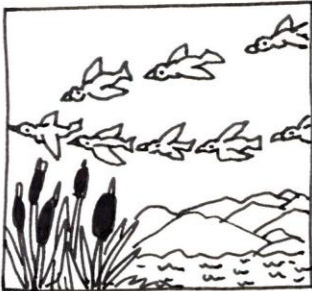


Non-objective design Portrait Landscape Leopard City

PATTERNS OF COLOR



Rainbow Flower Butterfly Clothing Wall Paper



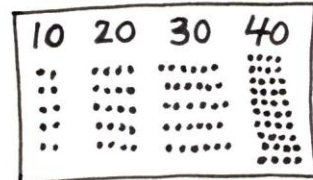
Birds flying in formation are a pattern.



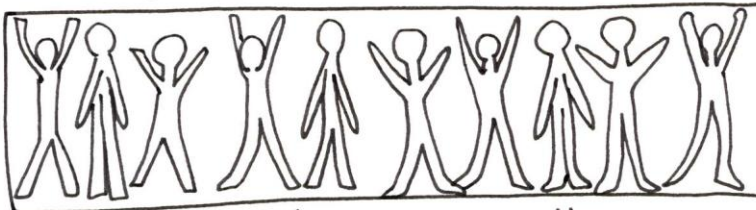
Cars stopped in traffic makes a pattern.



Music has patterns.



Mathematics has patterns.



Jumping jacks are a pattern.

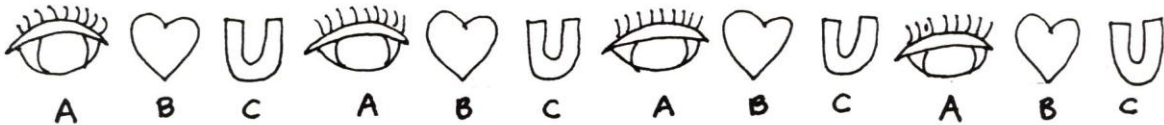
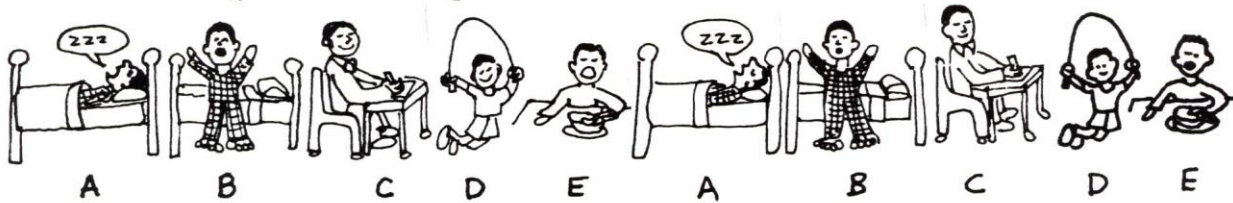


Inhale, exhale. Inhale, exhale. Breathing is a pattern.

PATTERN IS EVERYWHERE!

PATTERN

If I look carefully, patterns I see.
 Man-made, in nature, and patterns in me.
 Pattern is a principle... a principle of art.
 I see it, say it, use it. Yes, I am art smart.



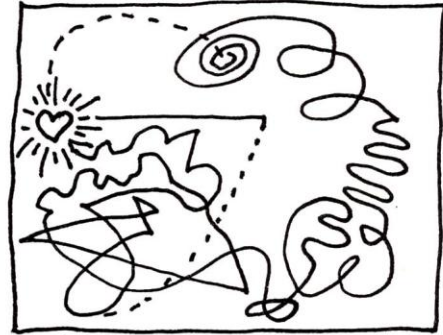
EMPHASIS

FOCUS-MAIN IDEA-WHAT "GRABS" MY ATTENTION?

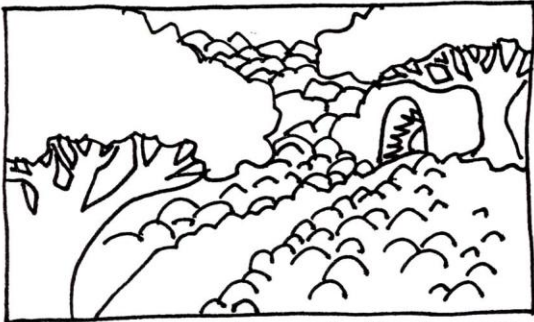


A beautiful flower growing in a grey, dismal setting.

It can be to make a point or for a message. It can simply be used as a design element.



A non-objective design.



The light at the end of a tunnel



A house that stands out from the rest



A flower with more detail in the center draws our eyes to the center.

LOUD NOISE DRAWS OUR ATTENTION.

PEACE!!!

Shiny, bright things like jewelry attract our attention.



Big Lettering draws our focus. Fast movement in a still setting grabs our attention.



I will notice what "grabs" my attention in my day to day travels.

VARIETY

IS A NUMBER OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF THINGS.

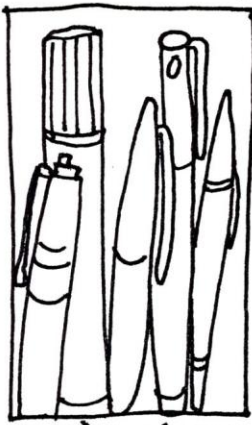
VARIETY SHOWS CONTRAST.
THERE IS NO END TO THE VARIETY IN NATURE AND MAN-MADE THINGS.



A variety of people



A variety of insects



A variety of pens



A variety of flowers

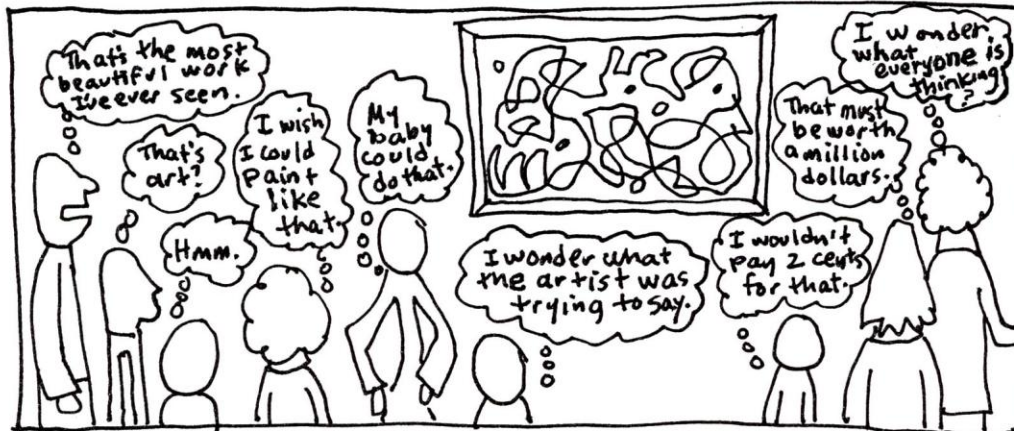


A variety of emotions



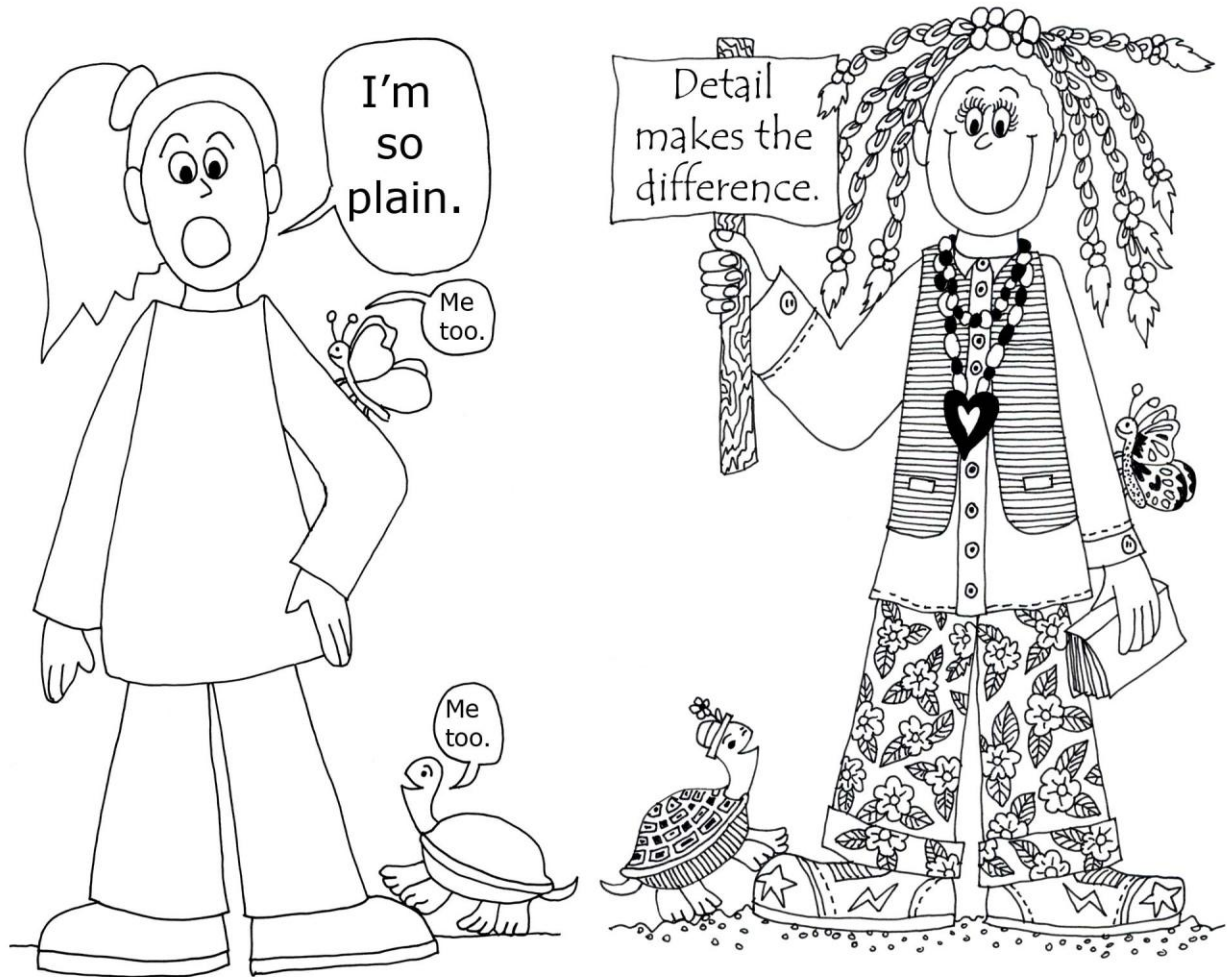
A variety of buildings

People can have a variety of ideas about the same thing.



I will notice the limitless variety all around me.

Add detail.



Using a variety of elements & principles of design adds detail and interest to a work of art.

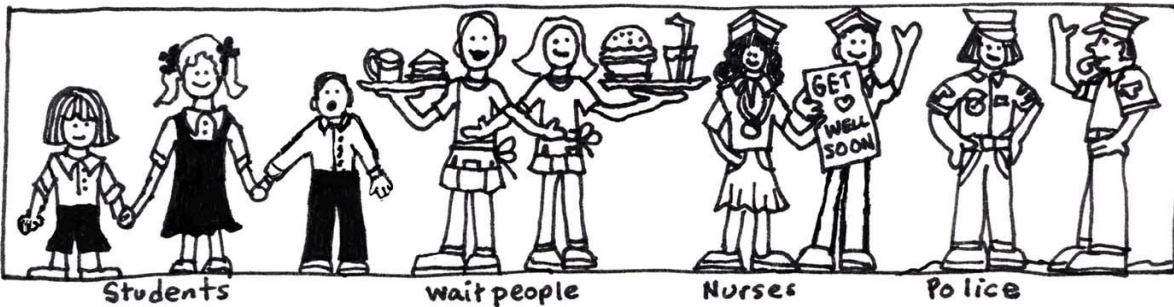
UNITY

UNITY SHOWS WHAT THINGS HAVE IN COMMON, HOW THEY ARE ALIKE.

UNITY IS THE THING THAT JOINS THE PARTS TOGETHER.

SAMENESS... ONENESS...

Uniforms show we are joined as a team.



In art, the elements work together, fit together, in the artwork so it looks complete (some art looks more unified than other art).



Tints (white added)



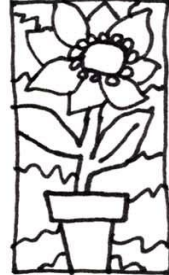
Analogous colors (neighbors on the color wheel)



Shapes unify.

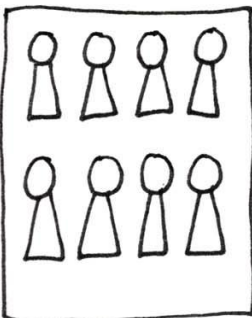


Line unifies.



Black line unifies.

Repetition of line, shape or color can unify an image.



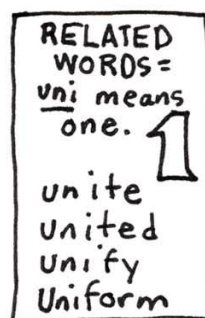
Uniform - united by size and shape



Not uniform - a variety of size and shape.



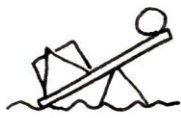
When people join hands and unite, they become stronger.



RELATED WORDS =
uni means one. 1
unite
united
unify
Uniform



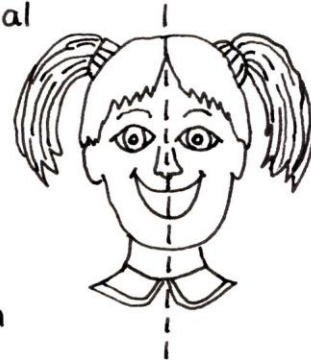
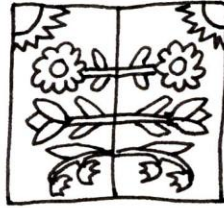
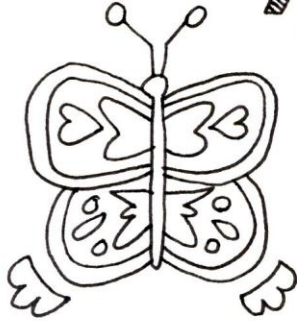
White line unifies



BALANCE

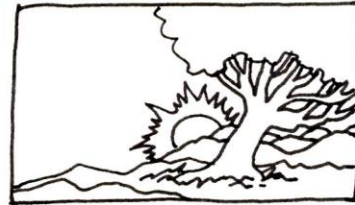
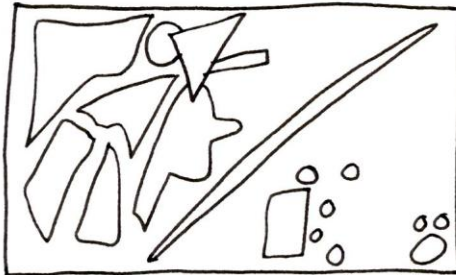
Symmetrical

I create symmetrical balance when I evenly.



place images on both sides of a mid-line.

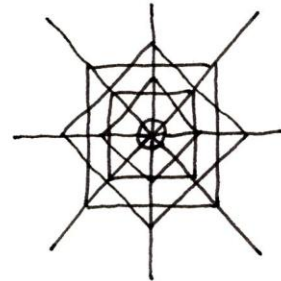
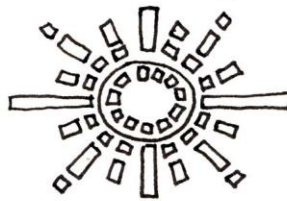
Asymmetrical



I create asymmetrical balance when I balance by size and weight and variety of images, but not evenly from the mid-line.



Radial



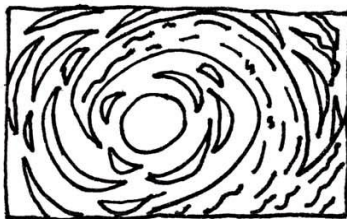
I create radial balance when I repeat shapes and images evenly from the center outward.

RHYTHM AND MOVEMENT

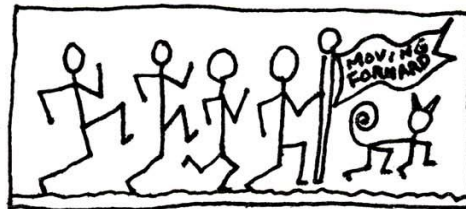
A REGULAR REPETITION OF THE ELEMENTS OF ART CAN CREATE A SENSE OF MOVEMENT/RHYTHM.



Trees blowing in the wind...



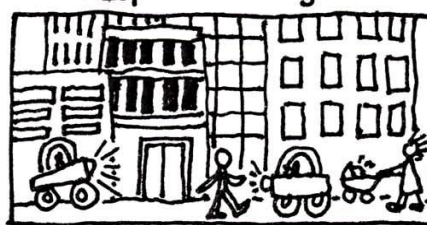
Non-objective design...



People marching...



The day has a rhythm to it.
Sunrise... sunset...
Sunrise... sunset...



The city has a rhythm.

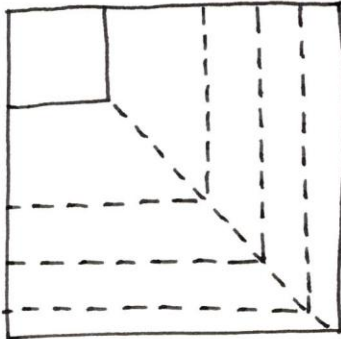
RHYTHM IS ALL AROUND US.



The ticking of a clock is rhythm.

PROPORTION

Proportion is the size relationship between two or more objects.
It can be how the parts fit together to make a whole.



Scale



Proportions of the head



Exaggeration

A change in proportion can change the way we look at things.
Accurate proportions are used more when creating realistic images.
Distorted proportions are used more for cartoons and imaginary images.



I approximate and think about volume when I work with proportions.
It's math. I mentally measure size, shape, mass, weight and volume.

